ARTICLE APPEARED
ON PAGE A-12

WASHINGTON POST 18 September 1985

Weinberger Lends Self To Later Amplification:

Aides Increasingly Must Refine His Points

By Michael Weisskopf Washington Post Staff Writer

U.S. officials yesterday, clarifying Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger's account of the latest clash between Soviet and American military intelligence officers in East Germany, performed an increasingthe secretary really meant. Weinberger, a law-

yer, argues for a ANALYSIS strong U.S. defense against the Soviet menace as if appealing to an uncertain jury and of-

ten leaves it to aides to refine his points later. Refinements or retreats have followed recent Weinberger statements on such diverse topics as the future of the controversial MX mis-

sile, Salvadoran army retaliation against leftist rebels who killed U.S. Marines, and Soviet culpability in scraps with the U.S. Military Liai-

son officers in East Germany.

"Cap never wants to appear like he doesn't know everything on a subject, even if he's wrong," said a veteran of Weinberger's Pentagon.

Another Pentagon official praised Weinberger's accessibility, which he believes mitigates "the secretary's habit of putting his foot in his mouth."

In a television appearance Sunday, Weinberger said Soviet troops in East Germany had "deliberately" bumped a U.S. vehicle on duty there, pushed an American serviceman and held him and another officer at gunpoint, detaining them

for about nine hours.

The Soviet troops, Weinberger charged, "behaved in the same way" as the Soviet sentry who shot and killed U.S. Army Maj. Arthur D. Nicholson Jr. on March 24 during a routine surveillance patrol in East Germany. Despite a U.S. protest of the latest incident, the secretary said, Soviet authorities have not responded with "anything very positive."

By Monday, Defense and State Department officials began to soften the account. There was no indication that the Soviet troops intentionally hit the U.S. vehicle, they said, although a Pentagon spokesman said they deliberately tried to block it. Nor was there confirmation that the U.S. serviceman was pushed.

According to the State Department, the U.S. vehicle

"grazed." Soviet troops "unsluft" their rifles but did not point them the U.S. soldiers, officials said. The Pentagon, however, said a Soviet soldier directed his rifle at. an American.

While there has been no formal Soviet apology, Pentagon and State Department officials said a Soviet military officer called the U.S. mission to report the incident and pass to return the vehicle.

Pentagon spokesman Sims said yesterday that Weinberger "just told it the way he remembered it." But another defense official said the secretary's television presentation typifies his penchant "to let his staff pick up 🛍 e pieces."

After a similar incident in E Germany two months ago a Pe gon spokesman suggested that a Soviet truck purposely ramme💏a U.S. Army vehicle. He said the retary, was "very concerned" wanted the Soviets to "conthemselves in such a way as not lead to these incidents."

A week later, the spokesman said "the incident may not have been tentional.

Weinberger's aides also ster in after Weinberger said if # 1 interview July 31 that the Salva an army "with our assistance ha ken care of, in one way or anot taken prisoner or killed . . . a q ber of the people who particip in that killing" of four U.S. Mar who were gunned down by le guerrillas at a downtown San vador cafe in June.

Aides said Weinberger did mean that the triggermen had killed or captured but was refere to members of the leftist organization that had claimed responsibility

for the slayings.

Moreover, aides said, the Salvadoran attack against the rebels was mounted as part of the military's normal antiguerrilla operations, not at the request of the United States. Only routine U.S. intelligence assistance was rendered, they said.

On the MX missile, Weinberger

told reporters Aug. 8 that the Pentagon would recommend new basing modes for the weapon to skirt the congressional cap limiting deployment in existing Minuteman si-

Faced with congressional criticism, however, the secretary said the Pentagon would content itself with studying alternative basing modes until fiscal 1988.